中国石杉属(狭义)蛇足石杉组的分类研究*

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Taxonomy of the genus *Huperzia* Bernh. (sen. str.) sect. Serratae (Rothm.) Holub in China

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Abstract The circumscription of the sect. Serratae (Rothm.) Holub of the fern-allied genus Huperzia Bernh.(sen. str.) is revised in this paper. Twelve species are recognized, and names of two species and one variety are reduced as synonyms. The tewlve species are H. serrata, H. crispata, H. sutchueniana, H. liangshanica, H. kangdingensis, H. delavayi, H. kunmingensis, H. chishuiensis, H. leishanensis, H. herterana, H. lucidula and H. lajouensis. The three new synonyms are H. minimadenta J. F. Cheng, H. kamaensis Ching et S. K. Wu 及 H. lucidula (Michx.) Trev. var. asiatica Ching.

Key words Huperzia; Sect. Serratae; Revision; Toxonomy; China

摘要 本文对石杉科石杉属(狭义)蛇足石杉组的概念进行了修订并对国产有关种类进行了分类学研究。共记载本组植物 12 种,并包括 3 个新异名: H. minimadenta J. F. Cheng, H. kamaensis Ching et S. K. Wu 及 H. lucidula (Michx.) Trev. var. asiatica Ching.

关键词 石杉属;蛇足石杉组;修订;分类;中国

蛇足石杉组 新拟

Huperzia Bernh. sect. Serratae (Rothm.) Holub in Folia Geobot. Phytotax. 26: 92. 1991. emend.

Huperzia . sect. Plananthus (Mirb. S. F. Gray)Rothm. subsect. Euselago (Pritzel)Rothm. ser. Serratae Rothm. in Feddes Repert. Sp. Nov. 54: 59. 1944.

Lycopodium L. subgen. Urostachys Hert. sect. Selaginurus Hert. ser. Serratae ("Serrata") Hert. in Bot. Jahrb. 43, Beibl. 98: 31. 1909, nom. nud.

Folia margine serrata vel denticulata.

Typus: Huperzia serrata (Thunb. ex Murray)Trev.

Sectio cum cir. 20 speciebus in Asia, America et Europa praecipue crescentibus.

叶片边缘有齿。

该组约20种,主产亚、美、欧洲。中国现知12种。

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分种检索表

1. 叶片卵形至椭圆状披针形,向基部明显变狭,边缘具粗齿。 2. 叶片边缘不皱曲 2. 叶片边缘皱曲 ······· 2. 皱边石杉 H. crispata 1. 叶片钻形至披针形,向基部变狭或不变狭,边缘具较细的锯齿。 3. 几乎每一叶片均可见明显的锯齿。 4. 叶片较短宽,长宽比小于10,通直。 5. 植株高小于 15 cm, 上部叶片先端渐尖, 纸质, 中脉不明显 ··· 3. 四川石杉 H. sutchueniana 5. 植株高达 20 cm, 上部叶片先端急尖, 薄革质, 中脉明显 ····· 4. 凉山石杉 H. liangshanica 4. 叶片细长,长宽比达 25,镰状弯曲 ·················· 5. 康定石杉 H. kangdingensis 3. 许多叶片边缘齿不明显,仅部分叶片前端具微齿。 6. 叶片(至少植株基部叶片)向基部明显变狭。 7. 植株基部叶片不为匙形。 8. 孢子叶与营养叶无明显差别。 9. 植株高不及 12 cm,叶片卵状披针形,顶端急尖,背面拱形,纸质,有光泽 ········· 6. 苍山石杉 H. delavayi 9. 植株高 4~17 cm,叶片狭椭圆状披针形,顶端渐尖,背面平展,薄纸质,无光泽 ····· 8. 叶近二型, 孢子叶较营养叶远小; 叶片顶端急尖, 纸质 ····· 8. 赤水石杉 H. chishuiensis 6. 叶片向基部不明显变狭。 10. 植株高可达 20 cm,叶片不斜上抱茎。 11. 叶片镰状弯曲,宽不及 1.0 mm ············ 10. 锡金石杉 H. herterana 11. 叶片通直,宽大于 1.0~1.2 mm ············· 11. 亮叶石杉 H. lucidula 10. 植株高不及 8 cm, 叶片斜上抱茎 ··················· 12. 拉觉石杉 H. laiouensis

1 蛇足石杉

Huperzia serrata (Thunb. ex Murray) Trev. in Atti Soc. Ital. Sci. Nat. 17: 247. 1874; Rothm. in Feddes Repert. Sp. Nov. 54: 58. 1944; Sen et Sen in Fern Gaz. 11(6): 417. 1978; Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 294. 1981; Ching et S. K. Wu in C. Y. Wu, Fl. Xizang. 1: 11. 1983; Nakaike in J. Nat. Hist. Mus. Inst. Chiba 4(1): 14.1996. — Lycopodium serratum Thunb. ex Murray, Sys. Veg. ed. 14. 1784(May ~ Jul.); B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 70. 1989. — L. serratum Thunb. Fl. Jap. 341, t. 38. 1784(Aug.); Bak. Handb. Fern Allies 30. 1887; Iljin in Kom. Fl. URSS. 1: 114. 1934; Alston in Fl. Indo-Chine 7(2): 548. 1951; 刘慎谔等,东北草本植物志 1: 2, 图 1. 1958; Tagawa, Col. Ill. Jap. Pterid. 9, pl. 1-5-a. 1959; Mehra et Bir in Res. Bull. Panjab Univ. 15(1 ~ 2): 101. 1964; Fl. Tsinling. 2: 15. 1974; Tagawa et Iwatsuki in Fl. Thailand 3(1): 7. 1979; Nakaike, N. Fl. Jap. Pterid. 30, f. 30. 1982; J. L. Tsai et W. C. Shieh in T. C. Huang, Fl. Taiwan 2nd ed. 1: 42. 1994. — Urostachys serratus (Thunb. ex Murray) Herter ex Nessel, Bärlappg. 56. 1939. — H. serrata (Thunb. ex Murray) Rothm. Feddes Repert. Sp. Nov. 54: 59. 1944. — H. selago (L.)

Bernh. ex Schrank et Mart. var. serrata (Thunb. ex Murray) Löve et Löve in Univ. Color. Stud. 17: 5. 1965. TYPE: Japan. Thunberg s. n. (UPS-Thunb.)

L. javanicum Sw. Syn. Fil. 175, 399. 1850.—L. serratum Thunb. ex Murray var. javanicum (Sw.) Makino in Bot. Mag. Tokyo 12; 13. 1898, p. p.; Takeo, Ill. Form. Pl. Suppl. 7, f. 7, 1928. TYPE; Indonesia. Java, Thunberg s.n. (UPS-Thunb. 253208.)(n.v.).

L. serratum Thunb. ex Murray var. thunbergii Makino in Bot. Mag. Tokyo 12: 12. 1898.

L. serratum Thunb. ex Murray var. longipetiolatum Spring, Monogr. Lycop. 2: 18. 1850; Tagawa, l. c. 10, pl. 1-5-b, f. 2: 5; Devol in Taiwania 11:49, pl. II, f.6. 1965 et in H. L. Li, Fl. Taiwan 1: 29. 1975. — H. serrata (Thunb. ex Murray) Trev. f. longipetiolata (Spring) Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 294. 1981, syn. nov.

L. serratum Thunb. ex Murray var. myriophyllifolium Hayata, Ic. Pl. Forms. 4: 133. 1914.—Urostachs myriphyllifolius (Hayata) Herter, Index Lycop. 71. 1949 ("myriophyllus").—H. myriophyllifolia (Hayata) Holub in Folia Geobot. Phytotax. 20: 75. 1985. TYPE: China. Taiwan, Arisan, U. Mori 6208(TI; Photo, PE).

L. serratum Thunb. ex Murray var. intermedium Nakai in Bot. Mag. Tokyo 39: 196. 1925; Tagawa, 1. c. 10, f. 3 ~ 4. — H. serrata (Thunb. ex Murray) Trev. f. intermedia (Nakai) Ching, 1. c. 294.——H. serrata (Thunb. ex Murray) Trev. f. intermedia (Nakai) Ching et S. K. Wu in C. Y. Wu, Fl. Xizang. 1: 11. 1983. SYNTYPE: Japan. Maximowicz s. n., Faurie 3904, etc.(n. v.).

Heilongjiang(黑龙江): Raohe(饶河), S. X. Li et al. (李书馨等) 3180. Jilin(吉林): Mt. Changbai(长白山), J. J. Qian(钱家驹) 423; Fusong(抚松), Y. L. Zhou et al.(周以良 等) 1373. Jiangsu (江苏): Yixing(宜兴), C. Q. Yuan et al.(袁昌齐等) 75015. Anhui (安 徽): Huangshan(黄山), P. C. Chiu(裘佩熹) 2468; Ningguo(宁国), PE-817109; Mt. Jiuhuan(九华山), s. coll. 5641(PE); Quzhou(衢州), PE-367557(PE); Haozhai(浩寨), B. X. Ye(叶宝兴) 66. Zhejiang (浙江): Changhua(昌化), Zhejiang Res. Exp. (浙江资源队) 29672; Mt. Tiantong(天童山), Zhejiang Res. Exp. 28808; Suichang(遂昌), 25766; Tiantai (天台), 28379; Mt. Tianmu(天目山), X. Y. He(贺贤育) 21025; Xiaofeng(孝丰), 24242; Hangzhou(杭州), S. Y. Zhang(章绍尧) 1791; Qingyuan(庆元), P. S. Chiu 3862, 3878; Taishun(泰顺), P. S. Chiu et Y. P. Wu(裘佩熹, 吴依平)6076, 6292; Longquan(龙泉), M.B.Deng et al., (邓懋彬等)4106; Mt. W. Tianmu(西天目山), P. S. Chiu 5206; Jinxian (鄞县), K. S. Shing et al. (邢公侠等) 541; Ninghai (宁海), 48; Yueqing (乐清), Y. D. Chen et P. C. Wu(陈耀东, 吴鹏程)79; Yunhe(云和), Y. D. Chen et P. C. Wu 58; Jiangshan(江山), 1. Jiangxi (江西): Mt. Jinggang(井冈山), J. F. Cheng(程景福) 730100; Xunwu(寻邬), J. F. Cheng 40207; Mt. Lushan(庐山), P. S. Chiu 163; Fengxin(奉新), S. L. Liu et al. (刘守炉等) 1363; Qianshan(铅山), s. coll. 4561(PE); Pingxiang(萍乡), Jiangxi Exp.(江西队) 2659; Anfu(安福), Jiangxi Exp. 177; Yifeng(宜丰), S. L. Chen(陈舜礼) 504; Yushan(玉山), M. X. Nie(聂敏祥) 6167; Huanggang(黄岗), s. coll. 1633(PE); Dayu (大余), J. S. Yue et al.(岳俊三等) 1378; Guangchang(广昌), Jiangxi Exp. 2408; Ruijin (瑞金), Jiangxi Exp. 3927; Shicheng(石城), Jiangxi Exp. 4557; Shuanglong(双龙), M. X.

Nie 7233; Ninggang(宁岗), S. S. Lai et al. (赖书绅等) 5258. Fujian(福建): Taining(泰 宁), M. S. Li(李明生) 1148; Changting (长汀), Y. D. Chen et P. C Wu 89; Chongan(崇 安), P. S. Chiu 1604; Nanjing(南靖), Xiamen Univ.(厦门大学) 539; Shanghang(上杭), D. S. Wang(王大顺) s. n.; Nanping(南平), R. Lin(林容) 2308; Liancheng(连城), R. Lin 3949; Shaxian(沙县), Y. Lin(林英) 662; Jianyang(建阳), Pl. Res. Exp.(植物资源队) 72384; Dehua(德化), s. coll. 234(PE); Longyan(龙岩), H. B. Chen(陈恒彬) 487. Taiwan (台湾): Mt. Alishan(阿里山), T. Kawakami et U. Mori 6208 (photo, PE). Hubei(湖北): Lichuan(利川), G. X. Fu et al. (傅国勋等) 1708. Hunan(湖南): Longshan(龙山), L. H. Liu(刘林瀚) 1766, 1832; Yizhang(宜章), 551; Wugang(武岗), L. H. Liu 15957; Qianyang (黔阳), X. G. Li(李学根) 2915; Mt. Xuefeng(雪峰山), Z. T. Li(李泽棠) 3052; Daoxian (道县), Hengyang Exp. (衡阳队) 61350; Ningyuan(宁远), P. X. Tan(谭沛祥) 62437; Rushan(汝山), B. M. Yang (杨保民) 141; Cili(慈利), Q. Y. Liu(刘前裕) 4143; Hengshan(衡 山), s. coll. 5932(PE); Nanyue(南岳), L. H. Liu 15814; Jianghua(江华), B. G. Li et S. B. Wan(李丙贵, 万绍宾) 5136; Baojing(保靖), L. H. Liu 9879. Guangdong(广东); Xinyi (信宜), Z. Huang(黄志) 37888; Wuhua(五华), X. G. Li 201680; Zijin(紫金), Z. F. Wei (卫兆芬) 121008; Mt. Luofu(罗浮山), N. K. Chun 41266, 41139; Yangshan(阳山), Yangshan Lechang(乐昌), W. T. Tsang(曾怀德) 20978; Zengcheng(增城), W. T. Tsang 20187; Fengchuan(封川), C. Huang(黄成) 164549; Lianxian(连县), P. X. Tan 60193; Yangshan (阳山), P. X. Tan 60269, S. P. Ko(高锡朋)51025; Ruyuan(乳源), Z. Huang 44311; Xium (修仁), s. coll. 40685(KUN); Longmen(龙门), Z. F. Wei 122026. Guangxi (广西); Z. T. Li(李中提) 602470; Mt. Daming(大明山), H. G. Zhou(周厚高) 1569; Pingxiang(凭祥), Beijing Youth Exp.(北京青年队) 936; Longsheng(龙胜), P. S. Chiu 4744; Wuming(武鸣), P. S. Chiu 5007; Mt. Damiao(大苗山), S. Q. Chen(陈少卿) 16841; Longjin(龙津), S. Q. Chen 12816; Lingui(临桂), Y. B. Xu(徐月邦) 10181; Mt. Dayao(大瑶山), Q. H. Lu(吕清 华) 4253; Lingle(陵乐), Z. Q. Zhang(张肇骞) 11166; Lingchuan(灵川), Z. Z. Chen(陈照 宙) 53760; Binyang(宾阳), Z. Z. Chen 50552; Mashan(马山), S. Q. Zhong(钟树权) A62213; Baise(百色), Guangxi Exp. (广西队) 1843; Mt. Yuanbao(元宝山), S. Q. Chen 16841; Huanjiang(环江), S. Q. Chen 15461. Hainan(海南): Hainan Exp.(海南队) 703. Sichuan (四川): Mt. Emei(峨眉山), Y. X. Xiao(肖永贤) 49015; Dujiangyan(都江堰), S. S. Chian(钱崇澍) 5094; Leibo(雷波), H. S. Kung(孔宪需) 5552; Muchuan(沐川), H. S. Kung 5145; Gulin (古蔺), H. S. Kung et al. 7030; Mingshan (名山), H. S. Kung 2111; Hongya(洪雅), W. K. Bao et al. (包维楷等) 631; Mabian(马边), T. T. Yu(俞德浚) 4198; Hanyuan(汉源), C. S. Liu(刘振书) 487; Ya'an(雅安), Sichuan Econ. Pl. Exp.(川经雅) 429; Tianquan(天全), Sichuan Econ. Pl. Exp. (川经雅) 1015; Nanchong (南充), Sichuan Econ. P1. Exp. (川经南) 5339; Junlian (筠连), Sichuan Econ. P1. Exp. (川经宜) 42. Chongqing (重庆): C. Z. Liu et al. (刘承泽等) 10050; Jiangjin(江津), Sichuan Econ. Pl. Exp. 449; Nanchuan(南川), J. H. Xiong(熊济华) 91414; Shizhu(石柱), Y. Chen(陈尧) 2067. Guizhou(贵州): Guiyang(贵阳), S. W. Deng(邓世伟) 90044; Songtao(松桃), SinoAmer. Exp. (中美队)1954; Yinjiang(印江), Sino-Amer. Exp. 1466; Jiangkou(江口), Sino-Amer. Exp. 587; Anlong(安龙), Guizhou Exp. (贵州队) 4529; Xingren(兴仁), Guizhou Exp. 8288; Kaili(凯里), S. Guizhou Exp. (黔南队) 1719; Pingba(平坝), P. S. Wang(王培善) 1509. Yunnan(云南): Kunming(昆明), W. M. Chu et Y. M. Feng(朱维明, 冯永明) 1357; Suijiang / Yongshan(绥江/永善), W. M. Chu 4829; Jingdong(景东); W. M. Chu 5822; Guangnan(广南) W. M. Chu 8068; Lushui(泸水), W. Yunnan Exped.(滇西组)11262; Daguan(大关), W. M. Chu 5173; Fugong(福贡), W. M. Chu et S. G. Lu(朱维明, 陆树刚) 20331; Yuanjiang(元江), D. M. Yamg(杨登满) 45; Tengchong(腾冲), PYU-16727; Zhenkang(镇康), C. W. Wang(王启无) 72379; Yanshan(砚山), C. Y. Wang 84895; Xichou(西畴), C. Y. Wang 85328; Pingbian(屏边), C. Y. Wang 82362; Gongshan(贡山), C. Y. Wang 71805; Eshan(峨山), S. K. Wu(武素功) 117; Malipo(麻栗坡), K. M. Feng(冯国楣) 13814; Wenshan(文山), Y. M. Feng(冯永明)22052; Jinping(金平), X. W. Li(李锡文) 531; Funing(富宁), C. W. Wang 89585; Menglian(孟连), Menglian Exp.(孟连队) 9738. Xizang(Tibet)(西藏): Zäyu(察隅), J. W. Zhang(张经纬) 720; Mêdog(墨脱), Plateau Exp.(高原组) 11487, 11561; E. Xizang, G. Forrest 19957, 24166.

全国除西北地区部分省区、华北地区外均有分布;生于海拔300~2700 m的林下、灌丛下、路旁。亚洲其它国家或地区(如日本、朝鲜、泰国、中南半岛、印度、尼泊尔、缅甸、斯里兰卡、非律宾、马来西亚、印度尼西亚等)、太平洋地区、俄罗斯、大洋洲、中美洲有分布。模式标本采自日本,存于瑞典。

许多蕨类学者在本种下又分数个变种或变型,我们认为,对于这样的广布种,宜采用相对大一点的种的概念,因而本文将有关种下等级予以归并。

该种的定名人应更正为:(Thumb. ex Murray)Trev.,以前的绝大多数文献忽略了。叶缘具粗齿是本种的识别特征。

2 皱边石杉

Huperzia crispata (Ching ex H. S. Kung) Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 293. 1981; H. S. Kung, Fl. Sichuan. 6: 31, f. 4: 1~3. 1988; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 11. 1989; P. S. Wang, Fl. Fanjing Mt. 17. 1992; X. Y. Wang in Bull. Bot. Res. 14(4): 354. 1994; C. M. Zhang in W. T. Wang, Keys Vasc. Pl. Wuling Mts. 4. 1995. — Lycopodium crispatum Ching ex H. S. Kung in Acta Phytotax. Sin. 18(2): 236, f. 1:3, pl. 6:3. 1980; Bartholomew et al. in Journ. Am. Arb. 64(1): 17. 1983. TYPE: China. Nanchuan, J. H. Xiong 91099 (holotype, PE; isotype, SZ)

Jiangxi(江西): Lushan(庐山), W. M. Chu(朱维明) 6931. Hunan (湖南): Xinning(新宁), Z. Y. Li et al.(李振宇等) 1625; Yizhang(宜章), L. H. Liu(刘林瀚) 551. Sichuan (四川): Mt. Gongga(贡嘎山), K. P. Yin(印开蒲) s. n.(CDBI); Hongya(洪雅), s. coll. 631, 774(CDBI); Leibo(雷波), Sichuan Econ. Pl. Exp.(川经队) 283; Luzhou(泸州), 350; Shimian(石棉), C. J. Xie et H. S. Kung(谢朝俊,孔宪需) 40235, 39632, W. G. Hu(胡文光) 1418, 1516; Tianquan(天全), Sichuan Econ. Pl. Exp.1015, F. T. Tai et C. M. Teng(戴蕃语,邓纯眉) 5251; Mt. Emei(峨眉山), Y. W. Ma(马义文) 2580, T. N. Liu(刘慎谔)

10449; Ebian(峨边), W. J. Zheng(郑万均) 6232; Luzhou(泸州), Sichuan Econ. Pl. Exp. 350. Chongqing(重庆): Nanchuan(南川), J. H. Xiong(熊济华) 91099, 95413, Mt. Jinfo Exp.(金佛山队) 162, C. L. Li(李朝利) 4611, Z. Y. Liu et al.(刘振宇等) 135, H. S. Kung 5089, Z. Y. Liu 1396. Guizhou(贵州): S. W. Deng(邓世纬) 51470; Mt. Leigong(雷公山), P. S. Wang(王培善) 76965. Yunnan (云南): Yiliang(彝良), N. E. Yunnan Exp. (滇东北队) 785; Suijiang(绥江), Z. H. Hu et H. G. Guo(胡志浩,郭慧光) 304; Suijiang / Yongshan(绥江/永善), W. M. Chu(朱维明) 4962.

我国特有种,产江西、湖南、湖北、四川、重庆、贵州及云南东北部。生于海拔 900~2600 m 林下荫湿处。

本种叶缘也具粗齿,但叶缘皱曲而与 H. serrata (Thunb. ex Murray) Trev.不同。

3 四川石杉

Huperzia sutchueniana (Herter) Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 297. 1981; H. S. Kung, Fl. Sichuan. 6: 31, pl. 5: 1~3. 1988; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 21. 1989; J. F. Cheng in J. F. Cheng et G. G. Zhu Fl. Jiangxi 1: 25, f. 10. 1993; C. F. Zhang in C. F. Zhang et S. Y. Zhang Fl. Zhejiang 1: 2, f. 1~2. 1993; X. Y. Wang in Bull. Bot. Res. 14(4): 356. 1994.—Lycopodium sutchuenianum Herter in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. 43: Beibl. 98: 43. 1909; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 73. 1989. —Urostachys sutchuenianus Herter in Nessel, Bärlappg. 53. 1939. TYPE: China. Sichuan, Chengkou, alt. 1400 m, Farges 993(P)(n.v.).

L. serratum Thunb. ex Murray var. alpestre Christ in Bull. Acad. Geogr. Bot. Mans 15: 141. 1906, TYPE; W. China. E. H. Wilson 5408 A.

H. minimadenta J. F. Cheng in Bull. Bot. Res. 7(3): 113. 1987 et Fl. Jiangxi 1: 25, f.
9. 1993; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 16. 1989, syn. nov. TYPE: China. Jiangxi, Mt. Jinggang, S.
X. Xu 8310153(holotype, JXU; isotype, PE, frgm. CDBI).

Anhui (安徽): Jinzhai (金寨), Jiangsu Inst. Bot. (江苏植物所) 81350. Zhejiang (浙江): P. S. Chiu (裘佩熹) 4291; Longquan (龙泉), P. S. Chiu 4183, Y. D. Chen et P. C. Wu(陈耀东, 吴鹏程) 44; Ruian (瑞安), s. coll. 6589. Jiangxi (江西): Mt. Jinggang (井冈山), S. X. Xu(徐声修) 8310153; Mt. Lushan (庐山), P. S. Chiu 2936, 2938, 3014, 3017, 3038, 3090, 3174, H. Migo s. n., R. C. Ching(秦仁昌) 4027, W. M. Chu(朱维明) 6931; Pingxiang (萍乡), J. F. Cheng (程景福) 65714. Hunan (湖南): Dongkou (洞口), P. X. Tan (谭沛祥) 62869; Xinning (新宁), Mt. Ziyun Exp. (紫云山队) 321. Sichuan (四川): W. Sichuan (四川西部), E. H. Wilson 5408A. Chongqing (重庆): Nanchuan (南川), J. H. Xiong (熊济华) 91691, 90175, K. F. Li (李国凤) 63269, Mt. Jinfo Exp. (金佛山队) 1008, 1037, Z. Y. Liu et al. (刘振宇等) 5038, Z. Y. Liu 784135; Wuxi(巫溪), K. H. Yang (杨光辉) 58770; Shizhu (石柱), Y. Chen (陈尧) 2067; Youyang (酉阳), Z. Y. Liu et al. 6186. Guizhou (贵州): Daozhen (道真), P. S. Wang (王培善) 77407, 77493; Mt. Fanjing (梵净山), P. S. Wang et al. 1954.

我国特有种,产安徽、浙江、江西、湖北、湖南、四川、重庆、贵州等省市。生于海拔 800~2000 m 林下或灌丛下湿地,草地或岩石上。

本种叶片边缘具锯齿,先端渐尖。

4 凉山石杉

Huperzia liangshanica (H. S. Kung) Ching et H. S. Kung in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 296. 1981; H. S. Kung, Fl. Sichuan. 6: 35, pl. 6: 1~3. 1988; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 15. 1989. — Lycopodium liangshanicum H. S. Kung in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 2(1): 100. 1980; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 53. 1989. TYPE: China. Sichuan, Leibo, under forests, in mosses, alt. 2800 m, H.S. Kung 5552(holotype, SCFI; isotype, CDBI, PE. PYU).

Sichuan (四川): Leibo(雷波), H. S. Kung(孔宪需) 5552.

我国特有种,仅产四川;生于海拔 2800 m 的林下苔藓层中。

本种叶片薄革质,先端渐尖,边缘齿浅而规则。

5 康定石杉

Huperzia kangdingensis (Ching ex H. S. Kung) Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3 (3): 294. 1981; H. S. Kung, Fl. Sichuan. 6: 35, pl. 7: 1~3. 1988; X. Cheng in W. T. Wang, Vasc. Pl. Hengduan Mts. 1: 1. 1993. ——Lycopodium kangdingense Ching ex H. S. Kung in Acta Phytotax. Sin. 18(2): 236, f. 1: 4, pl. 6: 3. 1980; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 52. 1989. TYPE: China. Sichuan, Kangding, Z. P. Huang et al. 1777(holotype, PE; isotype, KUN, SZ).

H. tahkuanensis Ching, 1. c. 297; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 21. 1989. TYPE: China. Yunnan, Daguan, Huanlianhe on moist cliff., alt. 1350 m, W. M. Chu 5121(PYU).

Sichuan(四川): Kangding(康定), Z. P. Huang et al.(黄治平等) 1777. Yunnan(云南): Daguan(大关), W. M. Chu(朱维明) 5121.

我国特有种,产四川西部及云南东北部;生于海拔 1300~2500 m 的林下湿地或石壁。

6 苍山石杉

Huperzia delavayi (Christ et Herter) Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 303. 1981; X. Cheng in W. T. Wang, Vasc. Pl. Hengduan Mts. 1: 2. 1993.—— Lycopodium delavayi Christ ex Herter in Bot. Jahrb. Sys. 43: Beibl. 98: 41. 1909; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 42. 1989.—— Urostachys delavayi Herter in Nessel, Bärlappg. 31. Abb. 4., f. 9. 1939. TYPE: China. Yunnan, Dali, Mt. Cangshan, 1884, A. Delavay s. n.(P)(n.v.).

H. herterana auct non (Kümm.) Sen et Sen: Ching, l. c. 296 (quod specim. Xizang: Nyalam, Y. T. Zhang et al. 3547, PE, KUN).

Yunnan (云南): Yangbi(漾濞), Jinsha Riv. Exped(金江队) 4343; Lushui(泸水), S. K. Wu(武素功)8459; Tengchong(腾冲) S. K. Wu 6975; Gongshan(贡山), W. M. Chu et al.(朱维明等) 22419. Xizang(Tibet)(西藏): Nyalam(聂拉木), Y. T. Zhang et K. Y. Lang (张永田,郎楷永) 3547.

我国特有种,产云南西部及西藏南部;生于海拔 2900~3800 m 的山脊杜鹃林下,苔藓丛中,树干、岩石或草地上。

这是个历史上不被熟知的种,其原因是有关的原始描述简单及有关标本积累不多。秦仁昌教授(1981)在其《中国石松的分类》一文中虽描述了这个种,但其分种检索表中却漏写这个种。他在本种之下引用的武素功 4343[应为金沙江队(Jinshajiang. Exped.) 4343]又在该文的 297 页被重复引为 Huperzia kunmingensis。我们认为 4343 号应为本种。

7 昆明石杉

Huperzia kunmingensis Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 297. 1981; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 15. 1989. TYPE: China. Yunnan, Kunming, Qiong-zhu-shi, 1953-07-15, T. K. Yian s. n. (PE)

H. austrosinica auct non Ching: X. Y. Wang in Bull. Bot. Res. 14(4): 354. 1994[quod specim. Guizhou: Mt. Leigong, P. S. Wang et B. Liu 77090(PE, PYU)].

Yunnan (云南): Kunming(昆明), T. K. Yian(严楚江) s. n., W. M. Chu et Y. M. Feng(朱维明, 冯永明) 1377, B. Y. Qiu(邱炳云) 54526. Guangxi (广西): Huanjiang(环江), S. Q. Chen(陈少卿) 15460. Guizhou(贵州): Mt. Leigong(雷公山), P. S. Wang et B. Liu(王培善, 刘兵) 77090.

我国特有种,产广西、云南、贵州;生于海拔 1200~2100 m 的山谷溪边。 本种叶片椭圆状披针形,顶端渐尖,背部平展,薄纸质,无光泽。

8 赤水石杉

Huperzia chishuiensis X. Y. Wang et P. S. Wang in Bull. Bot. Res. 16(4): 417, f. 1 ~ 3. 1996. TYPE: China. Guizhou, Chishui, in mosses, alt. 1450 m, S. Z. Fang 5218(holotype, HGAS; isotype, PYU, HGT).

Guizhou(贵州): Chishui(赤水), Suoluo Nature Reserve(桫椤自然保护区), S. Z. Fang (方嗣昭) 5218.

我国特有种,产贵州;生于海拔 1400~1500 m 的苔藓丛中。 本种叶二型,孢子叶比营养叶小得多,叶片顶端急尖,纸质。

9 雷山石杉

Huperzia leishanensis X. Y. Wang in Bull. Bot. Res. 14(4): 355, f. 1 ~ 3. 1994. TYPE: China. Guizhou, Mt. Leigong, top of mountain in mosses, alt. 2100 m, Ferns Exped. 91707(holotype, HGAS; isotype, PYU).

Guizhou(贵州): Mt. Leigong(雷公山), Ferns Exp.(蕨类队) 91707.

我国特有种,产贵州;生于海拔 1700~2100 m 的山顶灌木丛下。

本种植株基部叶片为匙形。

10 锡金石杉

Huperzia herterana (Kümm.) Sen et Sen in Fem Gaz. 11 (6): 415, 417, f. 1: k ~ r. 1978 ("herteriana"); Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 296. 1981; Dixit, Lycop. Ind. 53, f. 7A ~ B, pl. II: f. 7. 1988; H. S. Kung, Fl. Sichuan. 6: 35, pl. 5: 4 ~ 10. 1988; Bir et al. in Ind. Fern J. 6: 32. 1989; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 14. 1989; X. Cheng in W. T. Wang, Vasc. Pl. Hengduan Mts. 1: 2. 1993. — Lycopodium herteranum Kümm. in Magyar Bot. Lap 26: 99. 1927 (1928, "herterianum"); H. S. Kung in Acta Phytotax. Sin. 18(2): 237, f. 1: 6. 1980. — U. herteranus Herter, In. Lycop. 64. 1949 ("herterianus"). TYPE: Sikkim. Hooker 374(P)(n.v.).

L. sikkimense Herter in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. 43; Beibl. 98; 42. 1909, non Mull. 1861; Mehra et Bir in Res. Bull. Panjab Univ. 15 (1 ~ 2); 101. 1964; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 70. 1989.—Urostachys sikkimensis Herter in Nessel, Bärlappg. 52. Abb. 7, f. 4. 1939. TYPE: Sikkim. Hooker 374(P)(n.v.).

- H. obscure-denticulata Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 295. 1981. TYPE: China. Sichuan, Barkam, under forest in mosses, H. S. Kung 2186(PE).
 - H. multidichotoma Ching, l. c. TYPE: China. Sichuan, Wenchuan, R. L. Li 457(PE).
- H. maerhkangensis Ching, l. c. TYPE: China. Sichuan, Barkam, alt. 3600 m, X. Li 71810(holotype, PE; isotype, SZ).
- H. kamaensis Ching et S. K. Wu ex Ching, 1. c. 300, syn. nov. TYPE: China. Tibet, Kama, under Abies forest, alt. 3240 m, Xizang compreh. Exped. 479(PE).
- L. lucidulum auet non Michaux; Clarke in Trans. Linn. Soc. II. Bot. 1: 589, pl. 84, f.1; Christ in Bot. Gaz. 51: 350. 1911; C. Chr. in Acta. Hort. Gotob. 1: 108. 1924.

Sichuan(四川): Meigu(美姑), Veg. Exp.(植被队) 13522; Nanping(南坪), 8818; Barkam(马尔康), H. S. Kung(孔宪需) 2186, X. Li(李馨) 71810; Jinchuan(金川), Z. T. Guan(管中天) 3714; Wenchuan(纹川), R. L. Li(李纫兰) 457; Luding(泸定), L. B. Zhang(张丽兵) 895, 1051. Guizhou(贵州): Mt. Leigong(雷公山), B. Liu(刘兵) 489. Yunnan(云南): Gongshan(贡山), Qinghai-Xizang Exp.(青藏队) 8366. Xizang(Tibet)(西藏): Gongbo'gyamda(工布江达), F. Ludlow et al. 4701; Zäyu(察隅), J. W. Zhang(张经纬) 20; Tingkye(定结), Kama river(卡马河), Tibet Complex Exped.(西藏队) 497.

产湖北、四川、贵州、云南、西藏;生于海拔 2000~3900 m 的林下荫湿地,苔藓丛中。印度、锡金、不丹有分布。

H. multidichotoma 的模式标本采集人应为李纫兰(R. L. Li)457, 原发表时误作李升 兰 S. L. Li 457, 在此代为改正。

1927 年 Ktimm. 发表 L. herteranum 这一名称时,已指出它即是 L. sikkimense Herter non Mull. 1861 的替代者,并未另指 Type。他当时用的加词是"herteranum",而非"herteriana"。 这是一个典型的中国-喜马拉雅石杉,其叶片镰状弯曲。

11 亮叶石杉

Huperzia lucidula (Michx.) Trev. in Atti Soc. Ital. Sci. Nat. 17: 248. 1875; Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 296. 1981. — Lycopodium lucidulum Michx. Fl. Bor.-Amer. 2: 365. 1803; Hook. in Bot. Misc. 2: 224. 1831; Bak. Handb. Fern Allies 11. 1887; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 54. 1989. — Urostachys lucidulus (Michx.) Herter ex Nessel, Bärlappg. 49. 1939. — H. lucidula (Michx.) Rothm. in Feddes Repert. Sp. Nov. 54: 59. 1944. TYPE:? Canada.(n.v.)

Plananthus reflexus P. Beauv. Prod. Aeth. 111. 1805. — L. reflexum (P. Beauv.) Sw., Syn. Fil. 175. 1806, non Lam. 1792.

H. lucidula (Michx.)Trev. var. asiatica Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 296. 1981;
J. Z. Wang in Journ. Hebei Forest. Coll. 5(2): 114. 1990, syn. nov. TYPE: China. Jilin,
Mt. Changbai, in mosses of forest, alt. 1800 m, S. L. Soong 197(PE).

L. selago auct non L.: 刘慎谔等,东北草本植物志 1: 3, 图 3. 1958.

H. lucidula auct non (Michx.) Trev.: Mehra et Bir in Res. Bull. Panjab Univ. 15(1~2): 101. 1964.

Jilin (吉林): Mt. Changbai(长白山), S. L. Song(宋士良) 197, X. L. Huang(黄秀兰)

s. n.

产我国东北;生于海拔 1800 m 的林下苔藓丛中。北美洲有分布。模式标本采自北美。

秦教授在发表 H. lucidula var. asiatica Ching 时指出,它与原变种的重要区别是,其叶片向下反折,但我们见到产于美国的有些标本,其叶片也是向下反折的[如 USA: N. Carolina, G. E. Edlin 18(PYU)]。我们认为,我国东北的 H. lucidula var. asiatica Ching 即是原变种。它体现了我国石杉植物区系与北美石杉植物区系间的联系。

12 拉觉石杉

Huperzia lajouensis Ching in Acta Bot. Yunnan. 3(3): 296. 1981; Ching et S. K. Wu in C. Y. Wu, Fl. Xizang. 1: 7. 1983; B. Ollg. Index Lycop. 15. 1989; X. Cheng in W. T. Wang, Vasc. Pl. Hengduan Mts. 1: 2. 1993. TYPE: China. Xizang(Tibet), Zäyu, in muddy pond, alt. 3400 m, C.W.Wang 65861(PE).

Xizang(Tibet)(西藏): Zäyu(察隅), C. W. Wang(王启无) 65861; Riwuduodan(日屋多旦), KUN-582.

我国特有种,产西藏察隅及日屋多旦;生于海拔3400~4000 m 的湿地。

秦教授(1981)发表本种时将它归入叶片边缘全缘的一类,其实本种上部叶片的前端 具微齿,明显不同于与之外形接近的 H. tibetica (Ching) Ching。

除以上 12 种外,还有 1 种即 *Huperzia dixitiana* P. Mondal et R. K. Ghosh in Fern Gaz. 15(2):71~74. 1995, 其 Type 采自锡金。据原作者报导在中国西藏也有分布。因未见到可靠标本,暂留此存疑,以待进一步研究。

致谢 工作中曾得到朱维明教授的帮助、武素功研究员、王培善研究员提供部分文献,并蒙 CDBI、KUN、PE、PYU、SZ 各标本馆给作者查阅标本提供极大方便,在此一并致谢。

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